The flat sign at the
beginning of the line is called the KEY SIGNATURE. All notes on this line are to be played flat.

## Clementine

USA traditional


Suggested accomp. patterns 5, 6, 17, 18

## ARTICULATION SIGNS

= let the note ring on

- = staccato
> = accent


## Klezmer Tune



## More sharps (and flats)



The sharp and flat notes can all be called by 2 different names. If you start from a C and raise it by one fret (C sharp) you will reach the same note as if you had started from $D$ and lowered it by one fret ( $D$ flat).
see page 28 for a complete fingerboard chart of all the notes in this book, including the
flats and sharps.

## Memories of Naples



| 1. |
| :--- |
| 2 |



## A new note (high D)

Open String
Fret 1
Fret 2
Fret 3
Fret 4
Fret 5
(1)


## Scale practice with high D note



Two ways of reaching fret 5


Stay in normal (1st) position and stretch 4th finger to 5th fret.


Move your whole hand forward to 2nd position (so your 1st finger is at the 2nd fret).

## The Drunken Sailor



## Crossing 3 strings with $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{i}, \mathrm{m}$

The next 2 pieces have patterns which lie across three strings. Try plucking with "one digit per string" - in this case T for blue, i for red and $m$ for green.

> Try resting your ring finger on the pink string for the first four lines.


## Lullaby


$m p$


## Aloha Oe

The ukulele was brought to Hawaii by traders in the 19th century. It became very popular and some of the royal family were enthusiastic pupils. This song, written by Queen Lili'uokalani in 1878 , is still a ukulele classic.


Alternative right hand style:


